

Theft and Jewish Servant

Ref: *Sefer Nezikin, Hilchot Gneivah, Chapter 3*

JEWISH SLAVE

Thief has to pay back either **1x**, **2x** **4x** or **5x** depending on circumstances.

This has to be taken primarily from thief's movable property.

If this is not possible it can be taken from his best landed property.

Reminder

Pack on Expropriation of Property



If he owns neither, then the court sells him as a slave and repays his debt.

 | *Mipi Hakabalah* – a woman cannot be sold to slavery because of a theft.

A thief is sold into slavery only due to the principal (and not from the fine of **2x**, **4x** or **5x**).

Rest of debt is still owing and has to be repaid in future.

If value of principal is greater than value of person, the remaining debt (after slavery) is also due for repayment. If value of person greater than *keren* (principal), he shall not be sold (because his entire worth has to be included in value of item stolen).

Reminder

Types of Slaves. Ref: *Sefer Kinyan, Hilchot Avadim, Chapters 1- 9*

Pack on Servants

